

### Dear reader,

By the end of the year, Germany will have emitted only 35 per cent less CO<sub>2</sub> compared to the baseline of 1990 instead of 40 per cent as targeted - and this despite greatly reduced mobility and the shutdown of the economy as a result of the coronavirus pandemic. In addition, the climate protection strategies of many large companies, such as of those which have joined Amazon's »Climate Pledge« (zero carbon by 2040) or which, like Bosch and Siemens, have set themselves even more ambitious targets, ultimately amount to mathematical climate neutrality: Companies compensate elsewhere for what they are unable to save, for instance by supporting carbon offset projects in the Global South. Such initiatives do not really help us to progress much further in the direction of climate neutrality; they can rather be ascribed to marketing and image building. Nevertheless, they are a first step.

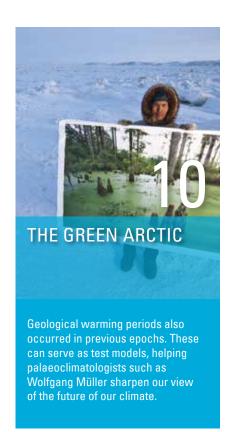
When preparing this magazine on the climate crisis, we thought about how we »ordinary citizens« could also already take a first step. If the catastrophic impacts of climate change are to be mitigated, humanity must make concessions at all levels: Global, national and local. However, every company, every business, every institution must also strive to become carbon neutral - as well as every individual citizen. Accordingly, we collected together our heating and electricity bills, added up the kilometres we had travelled by car or train and calculated our families' carbon footprints with the help of online calculators from the German Environment Agency: Per family, it was 9 to 12 metric tons more CO<sub>2</sub> than the maximum of one metric ton per person we would have to achieve in order to reach the climate change goals of the Paris Agreement. We have therefore compensated for this and paid climate protection agencies to support, among others, the purchase of energy-saving stoves in Africa and the rewetting of peatlands in Germany. This is, however, just a first step. We must also change our behaviour so that we do not produce so much  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  in the first place: By cycling more, flying less, consuming less. That is already more difficult.

In science, human-induced climate change is undisputed. The facts are on the table: The climate crisis will - and already does - have far-reaching consequences for people, societies and ecosystems, as researchers from Goethe University explain in their articles. Other articles in this issue illustrate how we can slow down climate change and adapt to the changing circumstances in our lives. Yet why do we find it so difficult to change our way of thinking? Psychologist Dr Jeannette Schmid and sociologist Professor Birgit Blättel-Mink comment on this in our magazine. Will we achieve the 1.5 °C goal set in Paris or not? There are differing opinions on this, even in the scientific community as is revealed by the »Standpoints« of our two experts, Professor Volker Mosbrugger and Professor Joachim Curtius, at the end of this magazine. In any case, research at Goethe University will make its contribution because, as Professor Birgitta Wolff, the university's President, also says in an interview, this is ultimately its brand essence.

We therefore wish you an unsettling read with a glimmer of hope!

Anke Sauter and Markus Bernards Forschung Frankfurt Editorial Team

# CONTENT







## WHAT INFLUENCES THE ATMOSPHERE

- 5 Global warming: once a promise, now a threat On the research of the greenhouse effect up to the Paris Climate Agreement by Markus Bernards
- 10 When the Arctic was tropical
  What we can learn from the
  warm periods of the past
  by Anne Hardy
- 15 Greenhouse gases thought dead Searching for traces in the atmosphere by Jan Schwenkenbecher

## LIVING IN A CHANGING CLIMATE

21 Adaptation or extinction: Species diversity in a warming world

Can mutually dependent plants and animals stay in sync?

by Markus Bernards

#### 24 The forest of the future...

- ... needs different trees. Researchers are working out which ones by Jan Schwenkenbecher
- 29 The parasites invasion Tropical diseases by Heinz Hänel
- 30 »West Nile fever, hantavirus infections and leishmaniasis will soon become highly relevant diseases in Central Europe« Interview with Sven Klimpel by Markus Bernards
- 34 The source of life

  How climate change affects
  global groundwater levels
  by Tim Schröder

## HUMANS AND CLIMATE CRISIS

39 The end of a singularly beautiful, calm spring day

For the political philosopher Darrel Moellendorf, climate policy is a question of global justice by Rolf Wiggershaus

- 43 The power of the pen
- 44 I consume, therefore I am

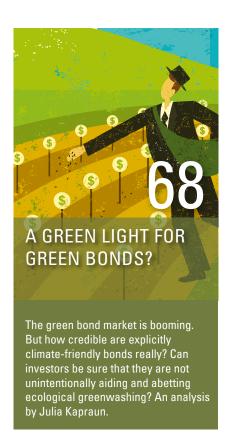
  Why sustainable consumer behaviour
  is so difficult to realise
  by Birgit Blättel-Mink
- 48 Water as a weapon

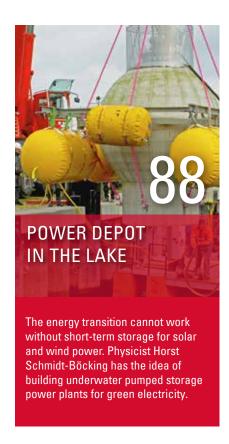
Climate change makes perfidious forms of exercising power even more effective and harmful by Christina Kohler

52 »As if the Earth were for all time Earth«

How German literature relates the story of the era of the Great Acceleration by Bernhard Malkmus







#### 57 Back to the future

How a new stage play evolved at Schauspiel Frankfurt

### 58 »Conspiracy theorists have the better stories«

Stephanie Dreyfürst champions improved communication of scientific topics by Anke Sauter

## FROM KNOWLEDGE TO ACTION

### 61 Wrangling at length

A brief overview of the (less than successful) pas de deux between science and politics in the struggle to mitigate climate change by Birgit Blättel-Mink

### 65 Overcoming our weaker ecological self

Why it is so difficult to abandon old habits

by Jeannette Schmid

#### 68 (In)credibly green?

How investors seek orientation in the booming green bond market by Pia Barth

### 74 Can education prevent forest fires?

Between drill and personal responsibility: How education in the spirit of sustainable development might look by Helge Kminek

## TAKING ACTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE

### 79 Main? Or Milan?

How climate change is making itself felt in Frankfurt am Main and what the city can do about it by Stephan M. Hübner

### 83 MOtiVES

Making mobility climate-friendly without sacrifice by Anja Störiko

### 88 Underwater battery in a quarry lake

Innovative intermediate storage for solar and wind energy by Anne Hardy

### 94 Fusion energy: Solar fire on Earth

The vision of clean and inexhaustible electricity
by Dirk Eidemüller

### 99 How EU agricultural policy could contribute to climate protection

by Heike Nitsch and Jörg Schramek

### 104 »Research is our lever«

Professor Birgitta Wolff, President of Goethe University, on the growing significance of sustainability research during her term of office by Anke Sauter

### 106 Standpoint:

Will we sort it out or not?

### 108 News from science and research

112 Legal notice/Illustration credits

113 Preview